Write your name here Surname	Other names				
Edexcel GCSE	Centre Number Candidate Number				
Mathematics B Unit 2: Number, Algebra, Geometry 1 (Non-Calculator)					
Unit 2: Number, Al	gebra, Geometry 1				
Unit 2: Number, Al	gebra, Geometry 1				
Unit 2: Number, Al	gebra, Geometry 1 lator) Higher Tier				

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators must not be used.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed
 - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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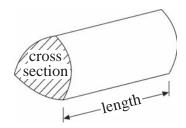


GCSE Mathematics 2MB01

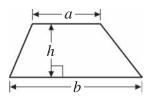
Formulae – Higher Tier

You must not write on this formulae page. Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length

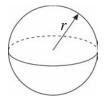


Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b)h$



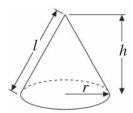
Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

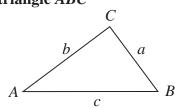


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = πrl



In any triangle ABC



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \ne 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

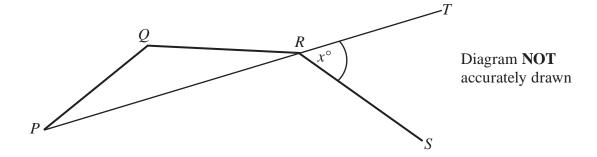
Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

	Write your answers in the spaces provided.					
You must write down all stages in your working.						
	(a) Express 84 as a product of its prime factors.	(2)				
	Sally is a patient in a hospital. She has to take a red pill every 4 hours, a blue pill every 6 hours and a white pill every 8 hours. She takes a pill of each colour at midday. (b) When will she next take a pill of each colour at the same time?	(2)				
	(Total for Question 1 = 4 m	arks)				

Anwar, Bethany and Colin each earn the same weekly wage.	
Each week, Anwar saves 12% of his wage and spends the rest.	
Each week, Bethany spends $\frac{7}{9}$ of her wage and saves the rest.	
The ratio of the money Colin saves each week to what he spends is 1 : 9	
Which of Anwar, Bethany and Colin, saves the most money each week? You must show each stage of your working.	
(Total for Question $2 = 4 \text{ m}$	arks)
Here are the first 5 terms of an arithmetic sequence.	
5 8 11 14 17	
(a) Write down an expression, in terms of <i>n</i> , for the <i>n</i> th term of this sequence.	
	(2)
The expression $3n^2 + 2$ is the <i>n</i> th term of another sequence.	
(b) Find the 4th term of this sequence.	
	(2)
	Each week, Bethany spends $\frac{7}{8}$ of her wage and saves the rest. The ratio of the money Colin saves each week to what he spends is 1:9 Which of Anwar, Bethany and Colin, saves the most money each week? You must show each stage of your working. (Total for Question 2 = 4 mm) Here are the first 5 terms of an arithmetic sequence. $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{8}{11}$ $\frac{14}{17}$ $\frac{17}{14}$ (a) Write down an expression, in terms of n , for the n th term of this sequence.

4



PQ, *QR* and *RS* are 3 sides of a regular decagon. *PRT* is a straight line. Angle $TRS = x^{\circ}$

Work out the value of *x*

r -

(Total for Question 4 = 5 marks)

5 The diagram shows a wall in Jenny's kitchen.

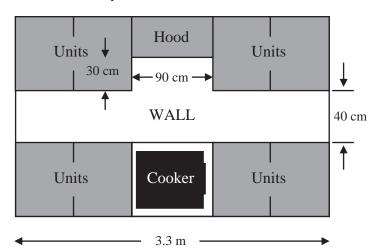
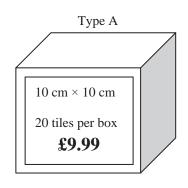
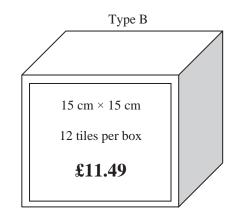


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Jenny wishes to tile this wall in her kitchen.

She chooses between the two types of tile shown below.





*(a) Which tiles should Jenny use to spend the least amount of money on tiling the wall?

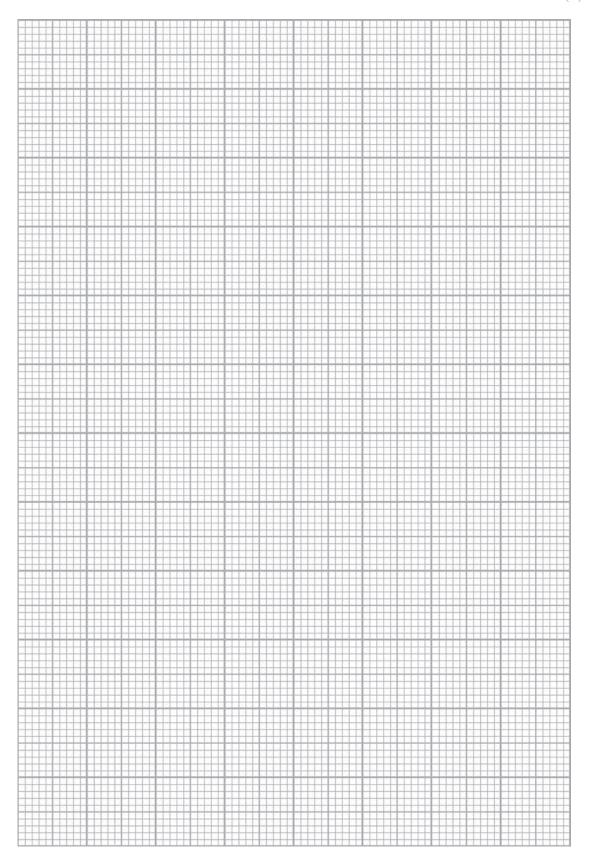
You must show all of your working.

(6)

A Box of Type A tiles has dimensions $10.5~\text{cm} \times 10.5~\text{cm} \times 21~\text{cm}$. Readypac wants to produce cartons which hold 12 boxes of Type A tiles, when full.

(b) On the grid below, design a net of a carton that Readypac could use.

(3)

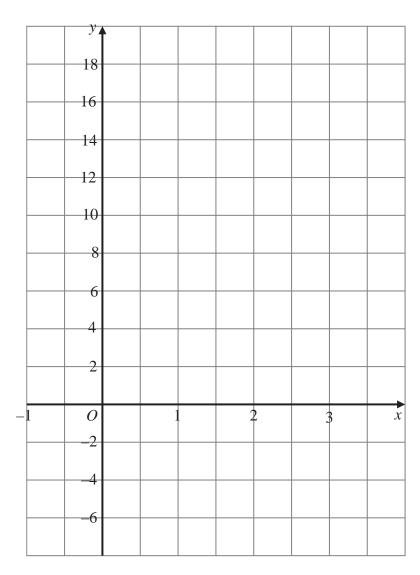


(Total for Question 5 = 9 marks)

6	(a) Factorise fully	$8p^2q + 12p$	(2)
	(b) Expand and simplify	5 - 2(m - 3)	(2)
			(Total for Question 6 = 4 marks)
			(Total for Question 6 = 4 marks)
			(Total for Question 6 = 4 marks)
			(Total for Question 6 = 4 marks)

7 (a) On the grid, draw the graph of y = 5x + 1 from x = -1 to x = 3

(3)



(b) Which of the following is the equation of a line parallel to y = 5x + 1?

(1)

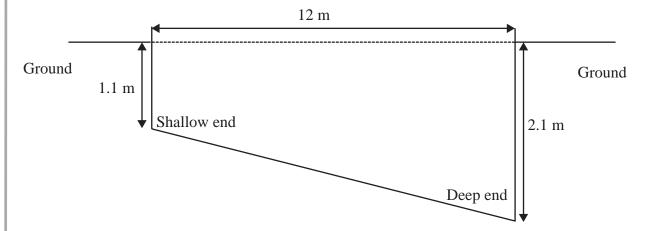
A B C D E
$$y = x + 1$$
 $5y = x + 1$ $y + 5x = 3$ $y - 5x + 1 = 0$ $y = -\frac{x}{5} + 1$

(c) Find the equation of line which is perpendicular to y = 5x + 1 and passes through the point (0, 0).

(2)

(Total for Question 7 = 6 marks)

8 The diagram shows a cross-section of Rafa's new swimming pool.



The swimming pool has two identical sides in the shape of a trapezium.

All other sides are rectangular.

The length of the pool is 12 m.

The width of the pool is 4 m.

The depth of the pool is 2.1 m at the deep end and 1.1 m at the shallow end.

Rafa fills the pool up with water from a hosepipe.

The surface of the water is to be 10 cm from the top of the pool.

Rafa turns on the hosepipe at 09 00 on Monday and water fills at a rate of 200 ml per second.

When the pool is full, Rafa turns off the tap. At what time will this be? Show your working.

(Total for Question 8 = 6 marks)

9	Find	the	value	of
,	1 IIIu	uic	varuc	OI

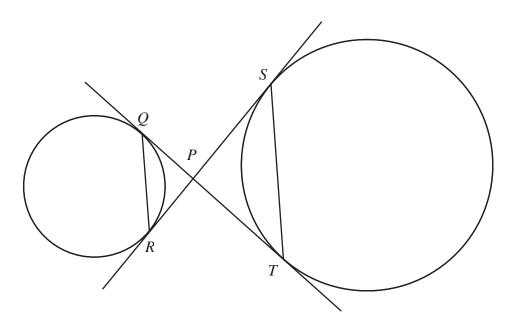
- (i) 8⁰
- $(ii) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-2}$
- $(iii) (16^{-2})^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

(Total for Question 9 = 4 marks)

10 Simplify fully $\frac{x+3}{4} + \frac{x-5}{3}$

(Total for Question 10 = 3 marks)

*11



Q and R are two points on the circumference of a circle. S and T are two points on the circumference of another circle.

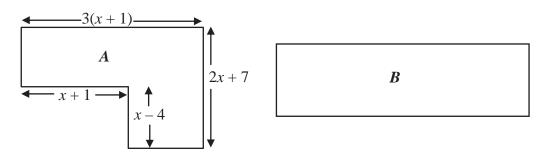
QT and SR are tangents to both circles.
P is the point of intersection of the two tangents.

Prove that *QR* is parallel to *ST*.

(Total for Question 11 = 5 marks)

12

Diagrams NOT accurately drawn



The diagram shows two shapes.

In shape *A*, all of the angles are right angles.

Shape B is a rectangle.

All the measurements are in centimetres.

The area of shape A is equal to the area of shape B.

Find an expression, in terms of x, for the length and an expression, in terms of x, for the width of shape B.

(Total for Question 12 = 6 marks)